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九州大学学術情報リポジトリ
**Specimen Database AIIC, Asian Insect Information Center Database, Based on Types and Normal Specimens Collected in Asia and the Pacific Area, Part 1**

Osamu Tadauchi1, Chizuru Hirosawa1, Hitoshi Inoue3, Takayuki Sugimoto1, Ryuki Murao1,2, Naoki Takahashi1,2, Shinsuke Sato1, Katsushi Mita2 and Yasuo Hara3

1) Entomological Laboratory, Faculty of Agriculture, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, 812-8581 Japan
2) The Kyushu University Museum, Fukuoka, 812-8581 Japan
3) Research Institute for Information Technology, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, 812-8581 Japan

**Abstract.** A new database, AIIC, the Asian Insect Information Center database, was constructed and is available to the public via the Internet. The aim of this database is the accumulation of insect data involving types and normal specimens deposited in universities, institutions and museums in Japan. Each record consists of scientific names (family, genus and species), locality, collecting date, collector, etc., according to a format of the Darwin Core of the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF). In this paper, we present each home page of six files currently constructed, ELKUType, BeeELKU, BeeFukuda, BeeCAxia, BeeFTadauchi and COLSasaji, as well as the top page of AIIC. The database is administered by a SIGMA management system and can be accessed by visiting the following URL: http://aiic.jp/

**Key words:** bioinformatics, Asian Insect Information, AIIC database, bees, Coleoptera, ELKUType, BeeELKU, BeeFukuda, BeeCAxia, BeeFTadauchi, COLSasaji, SIGMA.

As the population explosion continues in the world, we are much in need of increased provisions world wide. For the purpose of a stable supply of food or agricultural produce, it is necessary to control pests and plant diseases, and expand utilization of useful insects. In view of the current situation, however, we must admit that it is considerably late for the systematization and network construction of insect species information. Furthermore, the vast number of insect species, especially in tropical areas, has retarded the development of studies in applied entomology. The number of insect species, known presently in the world, about one million, represents only a small percentage of the actual number. The greater number of insect species will be found mainly from tropical areas in the future. In Japan, we constructed a database of “A Check List of Japanese Insects” (1989, 1990)
containing 28,937 species. We estimate over 30,000 insect species from Japan at present. Therefore, for such a group containing a vast number of species, it is very important and necessary to identify species precisely, to accumulate and systematize species information, and to construct database networking for the effective use of this information. Although studies of insect biology and ecology in regard to species diversity have increased, much time is needed for identification of material and accumulation of information. In Asian countries, there is a need for a precise identification system and accumulation of information on pests for the development of agriculture.

We have accumulated insect data individually in each university, institution and museum in Japan. For instance, we have constructed the entomology database KONCHU containing seven main files, KONCHUR, MOKUROKU, DJI, HANABACHI, TOBIKOBACHI, ELKUType and TABR, established in 1983 at the Computer Center of Kyushu University (presently: Research Institute for Information Technology, Kyushu University) and have opened the database to the public via the Internet using servers of the Entomological Laboratory (Tadauchi, 1987, 1994; Tadauchi et al., 1999, 2001, 2003, 2007; Tadauchi & Inoue, 2000a, b, ).

In the present project we have started to construct a new AIIC database, the Asian Insect Information Center database. Its aim is the accumulation of insect data involving types and normal specimens deposited in universities, institutions and museums in Japan. The types and normal specimens have been collected from various localities by many overseas projects in Asia and the Pacific area, as well as inland Japan.

As a first step, we produced six insect database files for the AIIC database, ELKUType, BeeELKU, BeeFukuda, BeeCAsia, BeeFTadauchi, and COLSasaji, based on the Kyushu University Collection and have opened this database to the public via the Internet. We will open various files of other universities, institutions and museums to the public via the Internet in the near future. Each record consists of scientific names (family, genus and species), locality, collecting date, collector, etc, according to a format of the Darwin Core of the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF).

In this paper, we present each home page of the above six files currently constructed in the AIIC database as well as the top page of AIIC and an example of a search of the AIIC file. The database is administered by a SIGMA management system and can be accessed by visiting the following URL: http://aiic.jp/

The database ELKUType is a type specimen database based on the type specimen collection preserved in the Entomological Laboratory, Kyushu University.

The database BeeELKU is a specimen database based on the bee collection preserved in the Entomological Laboratory, Kyushu University, except for Prof. Tadauchi’s foreign collections. Three professors of the laboratory, the late Prof. Keizo Yasumatsu, Prof. Yoshihiro Hirashima and Prof. Osamu Tadauchi have studied bees and accumulated many specimens of bees in the laboratory. The total number of specimens at present is 11,449 (September 20, 2009).

The database BeeCAsia is a specimen database based on the bee collection collected in Central Asia by the Kyushu University Expedition (Head Investigator: O. Tadauchi). The expedition was conducted in Kazakhstan,
Kyrgyzstan and Xinjiang Uygur, China from 2000 to 2004. The total number of specimens at present is 21,495 (September 20, 2009).

The database BeeFukuda is a specimen database based on the bee collection mainly collected in Hokkaido, Japan by Dr. Hiromi Fukuda. The collection was donated to the Entomological Laboratory, Kyushu University. Dr. Fukuda studied in Hokkaido University with the late Dr. Shoichi F. Sakagami and constructed a vast collection. His collection will be of great importance for faunal change related to global warming in the future. The total number of specimens at present is 49,671 (September 20, 2009).

The database BeeFTadauchi is a specimen database based on the bee collection collected in foreign countries, except for Central Asia, by Prof. Osamu Tadauchi. The countries include Korea, China, Thailand, Indonesia, Bangladesh, Iran and those of Europe (Austria, Germany, Netherlands, Switzerland, Lichtenstein, Spain, Portugal, etc). The total number of specimens at present is 6,023 (September 20, 2009).

The database COLSasaji is a specimen database based on the Coleoptera collection of the late Dr. Hiroyuki Sasaji. The collection was donated to the Kyushu University Museum. Dr. Sasaji mainly studied Coccinellidae and constructed a vast collection of beetles. The total number of specimens at present is 49,469 (late of September, 2009).

Each record is composed of 18-20 items selected from the Darwin Core format of the GBIF. Data and tags are the following 18 items except for type specimen database.

1. (BOX)  Box
2. (DATE)  Date Last Modified
3. (INST)  Institution Code
4. (COLC)  Collection Code
5. (NAME)  Scientific Name
6. (BR)  Basis of Record
7. (KING)  Kingdom
8. (PHY)  Phylum
9. (CL)  Class
10. (OR)  Order
11. (FAM)  Family
12. (GEN)  Genus
13. (SP)  Species
14. (AU)  Scientific Name Author
15. (COL)  Collector
16. (COLD)  Collecting Date
17. (LOC)  Locality
18. (REL)  Relation Type (associated plants)

The data sample is as follows:

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Fig. 3. A home page of a specimen database file BeeELKU in the AIC in English version.

Fig. 4. A home page of a specimen database file BeeCasia in the AIC in English version.
The database is written in English and is administered by a SIGMA text database management system working at a workstation in the Research Institute for Information Technology, Kyushu University. A user can presently access the AIIC database by visiting the following URL: http://aiic.jp/

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References


