## **PROCEEDINGS**

OF THE

## ENTOMOLOGICAL SOCIETY

OF

## WASHINGTON

## Volume 70

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#### THE

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#### **OF WASHINGTON**

ORGANIZED MARCH 12, 1884

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- X. ramona Gurney. R.-S. Albuquerque. 1964. Ibid. 41:29 (Brazil list).
- X. surinamensis Bruijning, R.-S. Albuquerque, 1965. Ibid. 57:9 (Brazil).

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- McKittrick, F. A. 1964. Evolutionary studies of cockroaches. Cornell Univ. Agr. Exp. Sta. Mem. 389, 197 pp., 205 figs., 6 text-figs.

#### DIPTEROUS EGGS AS FOOD FOR ADULT COCCINELLIDAE

(Coleoptera: Coccinellidae)

During the summer of 1967 it was observed that numerous adult Coccinellidae, primarily the convergent lady beetle ( $Hippodamia\ convergens\ Guérin-Méneville$ ), were feeding on aphids (species not identified) on black locust trees ( $Robina\ Pseudo-Acacia\ L.$ ) adjacent to a parking lot in west Baltimore, Maryland. Approximately one hundred of these were collected and placed in an aluminum frame and screen cage, measuring 1 ft<sup>3</sup>. The beetles were maintained in the laboratory at a temperature of  $75^{\circ}F \pm 2^{\circ}F$ . Water was provided by soaking absorbent cotton in a small petri dish and placing it on the floor of the cage.

After two days without food the beetles were offered the eggs of a mosquito, Aedes aegypti (L.). These eggs had previously been deposited on paper toweling. The beetles fed on the Aedes eggs readily and over night the paper toweling was completely cleared of several thousand mosquito eggs. Aedes eggs were provided daily for seven days. During this time the beetles remained active and in apparent good health. After seven days of feeding on mosquito eggs the food was changed to eggs of Musca domestica L. an approximate one-half teaspoon being placed in the cage daily. The beetles were maintained for a period of ten days on this latter food. Unfortunately, the pressure of other duties precluded further observation and the colony was released.

Observations made during daily feedings revealed copulating pairs on several occasions. There were, however, no eggs deposited by the beetles during the period of observation. The mortality over the twenty day period was approximately ten percent.

These observations may be of general interest, and further, might encourage a study of other possible foods that may be useful for rearing complete cycles, or providing economical means of rearing colonies of these highly beneficial insects.—

James W. Gentry and Eugene J. Gerberg, Insect Control & Research, Inc., 1111 N. Rolling Road, Baltimore, Maryland 21228.