A partial list of lady beetles (Coleoptera: Coccinellidae) preying upon Tetranychus urticae (Acari: Tetranychidae) in Tehran area, Iran

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Predatory lady beetles play a major role in controlling different pests specially aphids and mites in throughout the world. During 2004-2006 different samples were taken from various plant species in Tehran area including (Tehran, Karaj, Varamin, Shahriar and Bumhen). Collected species were transferred to the laboratory where their feeding on T. urticae was tested. The coccinellid species that fed successfully on different stages of T. urticae were Stethorus gilvifrons (Mulsant), Stethorus punctillum Weise, Stethorus siphonulus Kopur, Scymnus rubromaculatus (Goeze), Coccinella septempunctata L., Hippodamia variegate (Goeze), and Oenopia conglobata (L.). The first three species are specific acariphagous lady beetles and other species are both entomophagous and acariphaghous beetles. Among all collected species, C. septempunctata was the most abundant species and it feeds on aphids preferably. Among the acariphagous coccinellids, S. gilvifrons was the most abundant and effective as predator in spider mites colonies at inspected areas. Experiments with different life stages of S. gilvifrons on T. urticae in the laboratory indicated a high feeding rate of S. gilvifrons on various immature and mature spider mite stages. The results of the field and laboratory studies revealed that S. gilvifrons, as an effective biological control agent, could be used in an integrated spider mites management program.